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1. Which statement concerning insulinomas is incorrect?

- a. They are more common in women.
- b. They are associated with the MEN 2 syndrome.
- c. Fasting and postprandial hypoglycaemia is present.
- d. Chronic neuro-glycopenia results in sensory neuropathy.
- e. They are the most common neuro-endocrine tumours.

2. Which statement concerning Lysosomal Acid Lipase deficiency is incorrect?

- a. It presents with hepatosplenomegaly.
- b. It presents with adrenal calcification.
- c. It is associated with hypercholesterolaemia.
- d. It is associated with mixed dyslipidaemia.
- e. It is not associated with accelerated atherosclerosis.

3. Which statement concerning neuro-endocrine tumours is incorrect?

- a. They derive from enterochromaffin cells.
- b. They arise most commonly in the midgut.
- c. In the presence of metastases five-year survival is greater than 80%.

- d. Metastases are most common to the liver.
- e. Primary tumours above 1 cm in size are associated with metastases.

4. Which statement concerning intensive glucose control in type 1 diabetes is incorrect?

- a. Ideal HbA_{1c} target is less than 7%.
- b. Microvascular disease (retinopathy and nephropathy) is reduced by 20% to 30%.
- c. Neuropathy is reduced by 13%.
- d. Myocardial infarction is reduced by 30%.
- e. A long-term protective metabolic legacy is evident.

5. Which statement concerning the attainment of improved glucose control is incorrect?

- a. Access to nurse educators.
- b. Development of self-management manuals.
- c. Use of computer downloads of patients' meter readings.
- d. Intensified glucose lowering therapies.
- e. Moderate alcohol use to induce relaxation.